

A large, thick, blue arc graphic that curves downwards and then upwards, resembling a wide smile or a protective shield.

beatrice tate school

Policy status	Statutory
Reviewed	9th December 2024
Next review date	December 2026

Safeguarding Statement

At Beatrice Tate School we respect and value all children and young people and are committed to providing a caring, friendly and safe environment for all our students so they can learn, in a relaxed and secure atmosphere. We believe every student should be able to participate in all school activities in an enjoyable and safe environment and be protected from harm. This is the responsibility of every adult employed by, or invited to deliver services at Beatrice Tate School. We recognise our responsibility to safeguard all who access school and promote the welfare of all our learners by protecting them from physical, sexual and emotional abuse, neglect and bullying.

Version	Date	Author	Description of change
October 2022	17.10.22	WH	New Policy
December 2024	09.12.24	WH	Reviewed: Section 4. Propriety, behaviour and appearance - reformatted adult dress code text box

Contents

Safeguarding Statement.....	1
Contents.....	2
2. EXPECTED PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS	4
3. CONFIDENTIALITY	4
4. PROPRIETY, BEHAVIOUR AND APPEARANCE.....	5
5. SEXUAL CONTACT WITH CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE AND ABUSE OF TRUST.....	6
6. INFATUATIONS AND CRUSHES	7
7. GIFTS, REWARDS, FAVOURITISM AND EXCLUSION	8
8. HONESTY.....	8
9. SOCIAL CONTACT AND SOCIAL NETWORKING.....	9
10. PHYSICAL CONTACT, PERSONAL PRIVACY AND PERSONAL CARE	10
11. BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT AND PHYSICAL INTERVENTION.....	11
12. FIRST AID AND MEDICATION.....	12
13. ONE TO ONE SITUATIONS AND MEETINGS WITH STUDENTS	12
14. TRANSPORTING STUDENTS	12
15. EDUCATIONAL VISITS AND SCHOOL CLUBS	13
16. CURRICULUM.....	13
17. PHOTOGRAPHY, VIDEOS AND OTHER CREATIVE ARTS.....	13
18. UNACCEPTABLE USE OF ICT FACILITIES AND MONITORING.....	14
19. REPORTING CONCERNS AND RECORDING INCIDENTS	16
20. SCHOOL POLICIES, PROCEDURES AND OPERATING GUIDELINES	16
21. SUMMARY CODE OF CONDUCT FOR ANYBODY WORKING WITH STUDENTS AT BEATRICE TATE SCHOOL	17
22. GENERAL GUIDANCE FOR ALL	18
23. MONITORING AND REVIEW	19
24. APPENDICES.....	19
APPENDIX 1 - Keeping Children Safe in Education	19
APPENDIX 2 - Anti-slavery and human trafficking policy.....	19
25. Declaration.....	21

INTRODUCTION

- 1.1. The Code sets out the professional standards expected and the duty upon adults to abide by it. All adults have a duty to keep students safe, promote their welfare and, to protect them from radicalisation (the Prevent duty), abuse (sexual, physical and emotional), neglect and safeguarding concerns. This duty is, in part, exercised through the development of respectful, caring and professional relationships between adults and students and behaviour by adults that demonstrates integrity, maturity and good judgement. Following this Code will help to safeguard adults from being maliciously, falsely or mistakenly suspected or accused of misconduct in relation to students.
- 1.2. For the purposes of this Code the term and references to 'adult' means the following: governing body members, all teaching and other staff (whether or not paid or unpaid, employed or self-employed and whether or not employed directly by the school), external contractors providing services to students on behalf of the school, teacher trainees and other trainees/apprentices, volunteers and any other individuals who work for or provide services on behalf of or for the school to include but not limited to all those detailed in the single central record (as amended). For the purposes of this Code 'young person/people', 'students' and 'child/ren' includes all those for whom the school provides education or other services.
- 1.3. This Code takes account of the most recent versions of the following guidance (statutory and non-statutory); 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' Department of Education ('DfE') (statutory), Working together to safeguard children' HM Government (statutory) and 'Guidance for safer working practice for those working with children and young people in education settings' (non-statutory).
- 1.4. This Code cannot provide an exhaustive list of what is, or is not, appropriate behaviour for adults. However, it does highlight behaviour that is illegal, inappropriate or inadvisable in relation to the required professional standards. There will be occasions and circumstances in which adults have to make decisions or take action in the best interests of the student where no specific guidance has been given. Adults are expected to make responsible and informed judgements about their own behaviour in order to secure the best interests and welfare of the students.
- 1.5. Any behaviour in breach of this Code by employees may result in action under our Disciplinary Procedure. Such behaviour may constitute gross misconduct and, as such, may result in summary dismissal. The governing body will take a strict approach to serious breaches of this Code.
- 1.6. Adults have a duty to act in accordance with the Child Safeguarding Policy which is available from the school's website and report any safeguarding, child protection, welfare or radicalisation concerns about a student to the Designated Safeguarding Lead.
- 1.7. Adults must raise concerns they have about the safeguarding or child protection practices by following the Whistleblowing Policy, which is available from the school's website, staffrooms & in all classrooms. An adult who "whistle blows" or makes a public interest disclosure will have the protection of the relevant legislation.
- 1.8. Where it is alleged that an adult has:
 - behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child;
 - possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child; or,
 - behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates s/he would pose a risk of harm to children,

the governing body will follow the school's Procedure for Dealing with Allegations of Abuse Against Staff and Volunteers and the guidance set out in Part Four of Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE.

2. EXPECTED PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS

- 2.1. All adults as appropriate to the role and/or job description of the individual, must:
 - read this code in conjunction with other relevant policies relevant to your work
 - place the well-being and learning of students at the centre of their professional practice.
 - have high expectations for all students, be committed to addressing underachievement, and work to help students progress regardless of their background and personal circumstances.
 - treat students fairly and with respect, take their knowledge, views, opinions and feelings seriously, and value diversity and individuality.
 - model the characteristics they are trying to inspire in students, including enthusiasm for learning, a spirit of enquiry, honesty, tolerance, social responsibility, patience, and a genuine concern for other people.
 - respond sensitively to the differences in the home backgrounds and circumstances of students, recognising the key role that parents and guardians play in students' education.
 - seek to work in partnership with parents and guardians, respecting their views and promoting understanding and co-operation to support the young person's learning and well-being in and out of school.
 - reflect on their own practice, develop their skills, knowledge and expertise, and adapt appropriately to learn with and from colleagues.
 - ensure that the same professional standards are always applied regardless of culture, disability, gender, language, racial origin, religious belief and/or sexual identity.
 - deal with one another, the public, families and students in a courteous and civil manner
 - create supportive, co-operative and respectful working relationships that enhance the performance and well-being of others and the effectiveness of the school
- 2.2. Teachers are required to comply with the Teachers' Standards (Updated June 2013), in particular Part 2 Personal and Professional Standards.
- 2.3. All adults must be familiar with and act in accordance with the most recent versions of the following documents; Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE (statutory), Working Together to Safeguard Children HM Government (statutory), Prevent Duty Guidance HM Government (statutory), 'The Prevent duty departmental advice for schools and childcare providers' DfE and 'Guidance for safer working practice for those working with children and young people in education settings' (non-statutory).
- 2.4. An employee who fails to bring a matter of concern to the attention of senior management and/or the relevant agencies is likely to be subject to disciplinary action.

3. CONFIDENTIALITY

- 3.1. As data controllers, all schools/academies are subject to the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and Data Protection Act 2018 ("Data Protection Legislation"). In addition, teachers owe a

common law duty of care to safeguard the welfare of their students. This duty is acknowledged in the provisions governing disclosure of information about students.

- 3.2. Adults may have access to confidential information about students in order to undertake their responsibilities. In some circumstances the information may be sensitive data and/or confidential. Confidential or personal information about a student or her/his family must never be disclosed to anyone other than on a need to know basis and advice should be sought prior to disclosure to ensure such disclosure is in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation, The Education (Student Information) Regulations 2005 (maintained schools), and the school's Notices. In circumstances where the student's identity does not need to be disclosed the information should be used anonymously. Information must never be used to intimidate, humiliate, or embarrass the student. Information must never be used by anyone for their own or others advantage (including that of partners, friends relatives or other organisations).
- 3.3. There are some circumstances in which an adult may be expected to share information about a student, for example when abuse is alleged or suspected. In such cases, adults have a duty to pass information on without delay to those with designated safeguarding responsibilities.
- 3.4. Confidential information about students must be held securely. Confidential information about students must not be held off the school site other than on security protected school equipment. Information must only be stored for the length of time necessary to discharge the task for which it is required.
- 3.5. If a student or parent/guardian makes a disclosure regarding abuse or neglect, the adult must follow the school's procedures and the guidance as set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE. Confidentiality must not be promised to the student or parent/guardian however reassurance should be given that the information will be treated sensitively.
- 3.6. If an adult is in any doubt about the storage or sharing of information s/he must seek guidance from the Designated Safeguarding Lead. Any media or legal enquiries must be passed to the Headteacher.

4. PROPRIETY, BEHAVIOUR AND APPEARANCE

- 4.1. All adults working with children have a responsibility to maintain public confidence in their ability to safeguard the welfare and best interests of students. They should adopt high standards of personal conduct in order to maintain the confidence and respect of their colleagues, students and the public in general. An adult's behaviour or actions, either in or out of the workplace, must not compromise her/his position within the work setting, or bring the school into disrepute. Non-exhaustive examples of unacceptable behaviour are contained in our Disciplinary Procedure/Rules.
- 4.2. Adults are required to notify the school immediately of any allegation/s of misconduct that are of a safeguarding nature made against them (or implicating them), by a child or adult in relation to any outside work or interest (whether paid or unpaid) and, of any arrest or criminal charge whether child related or not. Where employees fail to do so, this will be treated as a serious breach of this Code and dealt with under our Disciplinary Procedure.
- 4.3. Individuals should not behave in a manner which would lead any reasonable person to question their suitability to work with children or to act as an appropriate role model; make, or encourage others to make sexual remarks to, or about, a student; use inappropriate language to or in the presence of

students; discuss their personal or sexual relationships with or in the presence of students; make, or encourage others to make, unprofessional personal comments which scapegoat, demean or humiliate, or might be interpreted as such.

- 4.4. Behaving in an unsuitable way towards children may result in disqualification from childcare under the Childcare Act 2006, prohibition from teaching by the DFE & Teaching Regulation Authority, a bar from engaging in regulated activity, or action by another relevant regulatory.
- 4.5. A person's dress and appearance are matters of personal choice, self-expression, religious and cultural customs. However, adults must maintain an appropriate standard of dress and personal appearance at work which promotes a positive and professional image.
- 4.6. Clothing and footwear must be safe and clean and take account of health and safety considerations. Adults must ensure they are dressed in ways which are appropriate to their role and not likely to be viewed as offensive, revealing or sexually provocative and specifically should not distract, cause embarrassment or give rise to misunderstanding, should be religious and culturally sensitive and free of any political or otherwise contentious slogans, and not considered to be discriminatory.

Adults are advised to follow (at the very least) a **casual dress code**, in line with following principles:

- Clothing that is informal and comfortable, yet clean and professional.
- Clothing that is appropriate to the adult's role and suitable for the activity e.g. moving and assisting, sitting on the floor, supporting PE or sporting activities.
- Outer tops should have sleeves. No outer layer of vests, tank-tops, sleeveless tops or singlets.
- Shorts or skirts should be no shorter than just above the knee. No sports shorts, running shorts, swimming shorts or bike shorts.
- Footwear should protect toes from potential injury and hold the foot securely. No flip-flops, open-front sandals, or sandals that don't secure the heel with a strap.
- Jewellery should be kept to a minimum and always worn at the individual's own risk. Long earrings, necklaces, chains, etc. should not be worn.
- Care must be taken to ensure that jewellery does not bring about a health and safety risk and that jewellery is not able to injure a student unintentionally or inhibit the adult from conducting their role fully and swiftly.

- 4.7. Adults who dress or appear in a manner which may be considered as inappropriate could render themselves vulnerable to criticism or, where the adult is an employee, allegations of misconduct that may lead to action under our Disciplinary Procedure.
- 4.8. Personal property of a sexually explicit nature or property which might be regarded as promoting radicalisation or otherwise inappropriate such as books, magazines, CDs, DVDs or such material on any electronic media including links to such material must not be brought onto or stored on school premises or on any school equipment.

5. SEXUAL CONTACT WITH CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE AND ABUSE OF TRUST

- 5.1. A relationship between an adult and a child or young person is not a relationship between equals; the

adult has a position of power or influence. There is potential for exploitation and harm of children or vulnerable young people and all adults have a responsibility to ensure that an unequal balance of power is not used for personal advantage or gratification. Adults must not use their status or position to form or promote relationships with children (whether current students or not), that are of a sexual nature, or which may become so. Adults should maintain appropriate professional boundaries and avoid behaviour which might be misinterpreted by others. They should report any incident with this potential.

- 5.2. Any sexual behaviour or activity, whether homosexual or heterosexual, by an adult with or towards a child/student or young person is illegal. Children and young people are protected by the same laws as adults in relation to non-consensual sexual behaviour. They are additionally protected by specific legal provisions regardless of whether there is consent or not. Where a person aged 18 or over is in a specified position of trust with a child or young person under 18 years, the Sexual Offences Act 2003 makes it an offence for that person to engage in sexual activity with or in the presence of that child or to cause or incite that child to engage in or watch sexual activity.
- 5.3. Sexual behaviour includes non-contact activities, such as causing a child or young person to engage in or watch sexual activity or the production of indecent images of children. 'Working Together to Safeguard Children', *Appendix A* defines sexual abuse as "...forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening..."
- 5.4. Adults must not have sexual relationships with students or have any form of communication with a child, which could be interpreted as sexually suggestive or provocative i.e. verbal comments, letters, notes, texts, electronic mail, phone calls, social networking contact or physical contact. The adult should not make sexual remarks to, or about, a child or discuss their own sexual relationships with or in the presence of students. Adults should take care that their language or conduct does not give rise to comment or speculations. Attitudes, demeanour and language all require care and thought.
- 5.5. There are occasions when adults embark on a course of behaviour known as 'grooming' where the sole purpose is to gain the trust of a child or young person, and manipulate that relationship so that sexual abuse can take place. Adults should be aware that conferring special attention without good reason or favouring a student has the potential to be construed as being part of a 'grooming' process, which is a criminal offence.

6. INFATUATIONS AND CRUSHES

- 6.1. A child or family member may develop an infatuation with an adult who works with them or their child. An adult, who becomes aware (may receive a report, overhear something, or otherwise notice any sign no matter how small or seemingly insignificant) that a student or family member has become or may be becoming infatuated with him/herself or a colleague, must report this without delay to the Headteacher or the most senior manager so that appropriate action can be taken to avoid any hurt, distress or embarrassment. The situation will be taken seriously and the adult should be careful to ensure that no encouragement of any kind is given to the student. It should also be recognised that careless and insensitive reactions may provoke false accusations.
- 6.2. Examples of situations which must be reported are given below:
 - Where an adult is concerned that he or she might be developing a relationship with a student

which could have the potential to represent an abuse of trust.

- Where an adult is concerned that a student or family member is becoming attracted to him or her or that there is a developing attachment or dependency.
- Where an adult is concerned that actions or words have been misunderstood or misconstrued by a student or family member such that an abuse of trust might be wrongly suspected by others.
- Where an adult is concerned about the apparent development of a relationship by another adult, or receives information about such a relationship.

7. GIFTS, REWARDS, FAVOURITISM AND EXCLUSION

- 7.1. It is against the law for public servants to take bribes. Adults need to take care that they do not accept any gift that might be construed by others as a bribe, or lead the giver to expect preferential treatment. There are occasions when students or parents/guardians wish to pass small tokens of appreciation to adults e.g. at Christmas or as a thank-you and this is acceptable. However, it is unacceptable to receive gifts on a regular basis or of any significant value.
- 7.2. Personal gifts must not be given to students or their families/guardians. This could be misinterpreted as a gesture either to bribe or groom the individual. It might be perceived that a 'favour' of some kind is expected in return. Any reward given to a student should be consistent with the school's behaviour policy, recorded, and not based on favouritism.
- 7.3. Care should be taken when selecting children for specific activities, jobs, privileges and when students are excluded from an activity in order to avoid perceptions of favouritism or injustice. Methods of selection and exclusion should be subject to clear, fair and agreed criteria.
- 7.4. Gifts that are worth more than £50.00 must be declared and the below information recorded on the Gifts and Hospitality Register:
 - The name of the person or body making the gift/hospitality
 - The name of the employee whom the offer was made
 - The gift or hospitality offered
 - The circumstance in which the offer was made
 - The action taken by the member of staff concerned
 - The action taken by the Head (if any)

There may be occasions where refusal of personal hospitality or a small token gift (e.g. at Christmas, Eid or other notable religious occasions) would clearly cause offence. Where gifts are over the value of £50.00 in value they may be donated to a Charity associated with the school and the donor informed accordingly in writing. With the exception of minor gifts such as calendars, pens or small stationary items or hospitality such as refreshments during a site visit or inexpensive working lunch the acceptance of gifts/hospitality must be authorised by the Headteacher.

8. HONESTY

- 8.1. Staff should maintain high standards of honesty and integrity in their role. This includes when dealing with students, handling money, claiming expenses and using school property and facilities.

- 8.2. Staff will ensure that all information given to the school about their qualifications and professional experience is correct.

9. SOCIAL CONTACT AND SOCIAL NETWORKING

- 9.1. Communication between students and adults, by whatever method, should take place within clear and explicit professional boundaries. This includes the wider use of technology such as mobile phones, tablets, text messages, emails, instant messages, websites, social media such as Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, chat-rooms, forums, blogs, apps such as WhatsApp, snapchat, gaming sites, digital cameras, videos, web-cams and other hand held devices.
- 9.2. Adults should not share any personal information with students and they should not request, or respond to, any personal information from the child/young person, other than that which might be appropriate as part of their professional role. They should ensure that all communications are transparent and avoid any communication that could be interpreted as 'grooming behaviour'.
- 9.3. Adults must not give their personal contact details such as home/mobile phone number; home or personal e-mail address or social networking details to students unless the need to do so is agreed in writing with senior management. If, for example, a student attempts to locate an adult's personal contact details and attempts to contact or correspond with him/her, the adult should not respond and must report the matter to his/her manager.
- 9.4. It is recommended that adults ensure that all possible privacy settings are activated to prevent families from making contact on personal profiles and to prevent students from accessing photo albums or other personal information which may appear on social networking sites.
- 9.5. Adults are personally responsible for what they communicate in social media and must bear in mind that what is published might be read by us, students, parents and guardians, the general public, future employers and friends and family for a long time. adults must ensure that their on-line profiles are consistent with the professional image expected by us and must not post material which damages the reputation of the school or which causes concern about their suitability to work with children and young people. Those who post material which may be considered as inappropriate could render themselves vulnerable to criticism or, in the case of an employee, allegations of misconduct which may be dealt with under the Disciplinary Procedure. Even where it is made clear that the writer's views on such topics do not represent those of the school such comments are inappropriate.
- 9.6. Adults are advised not to have any online friendships with any young people under the age of 18, unless they are family members or close family friends. Adults are advised not to have online friendships with parents or guardians of students, or members of the governing body/trustees. Where such on line friendships exist, adults must ensure that appropriate professional boundaries are maintained.
- 9.7. It is acknowledged that adults may have genuine friendships and social contact with parents or guardians of students, independent of the professional relationship. adults should, however, inform senior management of any relationship with a parent/guardian where this extends beyond the usual parent/guardian/professional relationship; advise senior management of any regular social contact they have with a student or parent/guardian, which could give rise to concern; inform senior management of any requests or arrangements where parents/guardians wish to use their services outside of the workplace e.g. babysitting, tutoring; and adults should always approve any planned

social contact with students or parents/guardians with senior colleagues, for example when it is part of a reward scheme. If a parent/guardian seeks to establish social contact, or if this occurs coincidentally, the adult should exercise his or her professional judgment and should ensure that all communications are transparent and open to scrutiny.

- 9.8. Some employees may, as part of their professional role, be required to support a parent or guardian. If that person comes to depend upon the employee or seeks support outside of their professional role this should be discussed with senior management and where necessary referrals made to the appropriate support agency.

10. PHYSICAL CONTACT, PERSONAL PRIVACY AND PERSONAL CARE

- 10.1. There are occasions when it is entirely appropriate and proper for adults to have physical contact with students, but it is crucial that they only do so in ways appropriate to their professional role and in relation to the student's individual needs and any agreed care plan. When physical contact is made with students this should be in response to their needs at the time, of limited duration and appropriate given their age, stage of development, gender, ethnicity, culture and background. Employees must use their professional judgement at all times. It is not possible to be specific about the appropriateness of each physical contact, since an action that is appropriate with one student in one set of circumstances may be inappropriate in another, or with a different student.
- 10.2. Physical contact should never be secretive or casual, or for the gratification of the adult, or represent a misuse of authority. Adults should never touch a student in a way which may be considered indecent. If an adult believes that an action could be misinterpreted, the incident and circumstances should be reported as soon as possible to the manager and recorded, and, if appropriate, a copy placed on the student's file.
- 10.3. Physical contact, which occurs regularly with a student or students, is likely to raise questions unless the justification for this is part of a formally agreed plan for example in relation to students with SEN or physical disabilities. Any such contact should be the subject of an agreed and open school policy and subject to review. Where feasible, staff should seek the student's permission before initiating contact. Adults should listen, observe and take note of the student's reaction or feelings and – so far as is possible - use a level of contact which is acceptable to the student for the minimum time necessary.
- 10.4. There may be occasions when a distressed student needs comfort and reassurance. This may include age-appropriate physical contact. Adults should remain self-aware at all times in order that their contact is not threatening, intrusive or subject to misinterpretation. Adults should always tell a colleague when and how they offered comfort to a distressed student.
- 10.5. Where an adult has a particular concern about the need to provide this type of care and reassurance s/he should seek further advice from a senior manager.
- 10.6. Some adults, for example, those who teach PE and games, or who provide music tuition will on occasions have to initiate physical contact with students in order to support a student so they can perform a task safely, to demonstrate the use of a particular piece of equipment/instrument or assist them with an exercise. This should be done with the student's agreement. Contact under these circumstances should be for the minimum time necessary to complete the activity and take place in a

safe and open environment. Adults should remain sensitive to any discomfort expressed verbally or non-verbally by the student.

- 10.7. All parties should clearly understand from the outset what physical contact is necessary and appropriate in undertaking specific activities. Keeping parents/guardians informed of the extent and nature of any physical contact may also prevent allegations of misconduct arising. Any incidents of physical contact that cause concern or fall outside of these protocols and guidance should be reported to the senior manager and parent/guardian.
- 10.8. Students are entitled to respect and privacy when changing clothes or taking a shower. However, there needs to be an appropriate level of supervision in order to safeguard students, satisfy health and safety considerations and ensure that bullying or teasing does not occur. This supervision should be appropriate to the needs and age of the students concerned and sensitive to the potential for embarrassment. Adults who are required as part of their role to attend changing rooms should announce their intention of entering any student changing rooms and only remain in the room where the student/s needs require this.
- 10.9. Employees with a job description which includes intimate care duties will have appropriate training and written guidance. Staff should adhere to the school's intimate and personal care policies. Employees should not assist with personal or intimate care tasks which the student is able to undertake independently.

11. BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT AND PHYSICAL INTERVENTION

- 11.1. All students have a right to be treated with respect and dignity. Adults must not use any form of degrading treatment to punish a student. The use of sarcasm, demeaning or insensitive comments towards students is not acceptable in any situation. Deliberately intimidating students by shouting aggressively, hectoring or overbearing physical presence is not acceptable in any situation. Any sanctions or rewards used should be part of our Behaviour Policy.
- 11.2. Physical intervention can only be justified in exceptional circumstances. Non-statutory guidance is available from the Department of Education website. See 'Use of reasonable force - advice for Head Teachers, Staff and Governing Bodies'. Adults may legitimately intervene to prevent a student from committing a criminal offence, injuring themselves or others, causing damage to property, engaging in behaviour prejudicial to good order and to maintain good order and discipline. Adults should have regard to the health and safety of themselves and others. It is always unlawful to use force as a punishment. The use of unwarranted physical force is likely to constitute a criminal offence.
- 11.3. Where a student has specific needs in respect of particularly challenging behaviour, a positive handling plan, including a risk assessment, should be put in place and agreed by all parties. Where it is judged that a student's behaviour presents a serious risk to themselves or others, a robust risk assessment that is regularly reviewed and a physical intervention plan, where relevant, must be put in place. All incidents and subsequent actions should be recorded and reported to a manager and the student's parents/guardians. Where it can be anticipated that physical intervention is likely to be required, a plan should be put in place that the student and parents/guardians are aware of and have agreed to. Parental consent does not permit the use of unlawful physical intervention or deprive a student of their liberty.

12. FIRST AID AND MEDICATION

- 12.1. The school has a separate policy on supporting students with a medical condition. Employees should have regard to the statutory guidance 'Supporting students at school with medical conditions' DfE December 2015, which includes advice on managing medicines. All settings must have an adequate number of qualified first aiders/appointed persons. Employees must have had the appropriate training and achieved the necessary level of competency before administering first aid or medication, or taking on responsibility to support students with medical conditions. If an adult is concerned or uncertain about the amount or type of medication being given to a student this should be discussed with the Head, Deputy and school nursing team.
- 12.2. Adults taking medication that may affect their ability to care for children should seek medical advice regarding their suitability to do so and should not work with students whilst taking medication unless medical advice confirms that they are able to do so. Adult medication on the premises must be securely stored out of the reach of children.

13. ONE TO ONE SITUATIONS AND MEETINGS WITH STUDENTS

- 13.1. One to one situations have the potential to make children/young persons more vulnerable to harm by those who seek to exploit their position of trust. Adults working in one to one settings with students may also be more vulnerable to unjust or unfounded allegations being made against them. Adults must recognise this possibility and plan and conduct such meetings accordingly. Every attempt should be made to ensure that the safety and security needs of both adults and students are met. Managers should undertake a risk assessment in relation to the specific nature and implications of one to one work for each adult and student, which should be reviewed regularly. Where such a meeting is demonstrably unavoidable it is advisable to avoid remote or secluded areas and to ensure that the door of the room is left open and/or visual/auditory contact with others is maintained. Any arrangements should be reviewed on a regular basis.
- 13.2. Pre-arranged meetings with students away from the premises or on the school site when the school is not in session are not permitted unless written approval is obtained from their parent/guardian and the Headteacher or other senior colleague with delegated authority.
- 13.3. No student should be in or invited into, the home of an adult who works with them, unless they are family members or close family friends, in which case adults are advised to notify their line manager. Students must not be asked to assist adults with jobs or tasks at or in their private accommodation or for their personal benefit.
- 13.4. Other than in an emergency, an adult must not enter a student's home if the parent/guardian is absent. Always make detailed records including times of arrival and departure and ensure any behaviour or situation that gives rise to concern is discussed with a senior manager or the Headteacher. A risk assessment should be undertaken and appropriate risk management measures put in place prior to any planned home visit taking place. In the unlikely event that little or no information is available, home visits should not be made alone. The school has separate home visit and lone-working procedures in the Health & Safety Policy.

14. TRANSPORTING STUDENTS

- 14.1. In certain situations, e.g. out of school activities, adults may agree to transport students. Transport arrangements should be made in advance by a designated employee who will be responsible for

planning and overseeing all transport arrangements and respond to any concerns that may arise. Wherever possible and practicable transport should be provided other than in private vehicles, with at least one adult additional to the driver acting as an escort.

- 14.2. Adults should ensure that their behaviour is safe and that the transport arrangements and the vehicle meet all legal requirements. They must ensure that the vehicle is roadworthy and appropriately insured and that the maximum capacity is not exceeded. It is a legal requirement that all passengers wear seatbelts and the driver should ensure that they do so. The driver should be aware of the current legislation concerning the use of car seats for younger children where applicable. It is illegal to drive using hand-held phones or similar devices and the driver must ensure that they adhere to all driving regulations.
- 14.3. It is inappropriate for adults to offer lifts to a student, unless the need has been agreed with the Headteacher and, if this falls outside their normal working duties, has been agreed with parents/guardians.
- 14.4. There may be occasions where a student requires transport in an emergency situation or where not to give a lift may place a student at risk. Such circumstances must always be recorded and reported to the Headteacher and parents/guardians.

15. EDUCATIONAL VISITS AND SCHOOL CLUBS

- 15.1. Adults should take particular care when supervising students in the less formal atmosphere of an educational visit, particularly in a residential setting, or after-school activity. Adults remain in a position of trust and the same standards of conduct apply. Please refer to the school's policy on Educational Visits and the Health and Safety policy.

16. CURRICULUM

- 16.1. Some areas of the curriculum can include or raise subject matter which is sexually explicit, of a political, cultural, religious or an otherwise sensitive nature. Care should be taken to ensure that resource materials cannot be misinterpreted and clearly relate to the learning outcomes identified by the lesson plan. This plan should highlight particular areas of risk and sensitivity.
- 16.2. The curriculum can sometimes include or lead to unplanned discussion about subject matter of a sexually explicit, political, cultural, religious or otherwise sensitive nature. Responding to students' questions can require careful judgement and adults must take guidance in these circumstances from the Designated Safeguarding Lead. Adults must not enter into or encourage inappropriate discussion about sexual, political or religious activity or behaviour or, discussions which may offend or harm others. adults should take care to protect children from the risk of radicalisation and should act in accordance with advice given under Part 1 of Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE and accordingly must not express any prejudicial views or, attempt to influence or impose their personal values, attitudes or beliefs on students.

17. PHOTOGRAPHY, VIDEOS AND OTHER CREATIVE ARTS

- 17.1. Please refer to the school's guidance on e-safety, the use of images and the consent forms therein. Adults should have regard to the ICO CCTV code of practice and the guidance 'Taking Photographs in Schools'.
- 17.2. Many educational activities involve the taking or recording of images. This may be undertaken as

part of the curriculum, extra school activities, for displays, publicity, to celebrate achievement or, to provide evidence of the activity. An image of a child is personal data and it is, therefore, a requirement under Data Protection Legislation that explicit consent is obtained from the parent/guardian of a child before any images are made such as those used for school web sites, notice boards, productions or other purposes, unless an alternative legal justification for processing this data is applicable.

- 17.3. Adults need to be aware of the potential for such images to be taken and/or misused to create indecent images of children and/or for 'grooming' purposes. Careful consideration should be given as to how these activities are organised and undertaken. There should be an agreement as to whether the images will be destroyed or retained for further use, where these will be stored and who will have access to them.
- 17.4. Adults should remain sensitive to any student who appears uncomfortable and should recognise the potential for misinterpretation. It is also important to take into account the wishes of the child, remembering that some children do not wish to have their photograph taken.
- 17.5. Adults should only use equipment provided or authorised by the school to make/take images and should not use personal equipment, mobile telephones or any other similar devices to make/take images.
- 17.6. The following guidance should be followed:
 - if a photograph is used, avoid naming the student
 - if the student is named, avoid using the photograph
 - photographs/images must be securely stored and used only by those authorised to do so
 - be clear about the purpose of the activity and about what will happen to the photographs/images when the lesson/activity is concluded
 - only retain images when there is a clear and agreed purpose for doing so
 - ensure that a senior member of staff is aware that the photography/image equipment is being used and for what purpose
 - ensure that all photographs/images are available for scrutiny in order to screen for acceptability
 - be able to justify the photographs/images made
 - do not take images of students for personal use
 - only take images where the student consents to this
 - do not take photographs in one to one situations
 - do not display or distribute photographs/images of students unless there is consent to do so from the parent/guardian
 - only publish images of students where they and their parent/guardian have given explicit written consent to do so
 - do not take images of students in a state of undress or semi-undress
 - do not take images of students which could be considered as indecent or sexual.

18. UNACCEPTABLE USE OF ICT FACILITIES AND MONITORING

- 18.1. This section should be read in conjunction with the school's E-safety policy. Posting, creating, accessing, transmitting, downloading, uploading or storing any of the following material (unless it is part of an authorised investigation) is likely to amount to gross misconduct and result (where the adult is employed) in summary dismissal (this list is not exhaustive):

- pseudo-images of children (child abuse images), pornographic or sexually suggestive material or images of children or adults which may be construed as such in the circumstances (that is, writing, texting, pictures, films and video clips of a sexually explicit or arousing nature),
- any other type of offensive, obscene or discriminatory material, criminal material or material which is liable to cause distress or embarrassment to the school or others.

- 18.2. If indecent images of children are discovered at the premises or on the school's equipment/devices, an immediate referral should be made to the school's designated Safeguarding Lead and Head Teacher (unless he or she is implicated) and the external Designated Officer (DO) and, if relevant, the police contacted. The images/equipment should be secured, should not be used by others and should be isolated from the network. There should be no attempt to view, tamper with or delete the images as this could jeopardise any necessary criminal investigation. If the images are of children are known to the school a referral should also be made to children's social care in accordance with local arrangements.
- 18.3. The contents of our ICT resources and communications systems are our property. Therefore, adults should have no expectation of privacy in any message, files, data, document, facsimile, telephone conversation, social media post, conversation or message, or any other kind of information or communications transmitted to, received or printed from, or stored or recorded on our electronic information and communications systems.
- 18.4. We reserve the right to monitor, intercept and review, without prior notification or authorisation from adults. Usage of our IT resources and communications systems, including but not limited to telephone, e-mail, messaging, voicemail, CCTV, internet and social media postings and activities is monitored to ensure that our rules are being complied with and for the following purposes:
- A. to monitor whether the use of the e-mail system or the internet is legitimate and in accordance with this Code;
 - B. to assist in the investigation of alleged wrongful acts; or
 - C. to comply with any legal obligation.
- 18.5. Personal data will be stored in accordance with the school's Privacy Notices. We may store copies of data or communications for a period of time after they are created, and may delete such copies from time to time without notice. If necessary information may be handed to the police in connection with a criminal investigation.
- 18.6. A CCTV system monitors the external entrances of school 24 hours a day. This data is recorded and may be used as evidence of any alleged wrong doing.
- 18.7. Cyber-bullying can be experienced by adults as well as students. adults should notify the Headteacher if they are subject to cyber-bullying. The school will endeavour to protect adults and stop any inappropriate conduct.

19. REPORTING CONCERNS AND RECORDING INCIDENTS

- 19.1. All adults must report concerns and incidents in accordance with the guidance set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE. In the event of an allegation being made, or incident being witnessed, the relevant information should be immediately recorded and reported to the Headteacher or deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads as appropriate. An employee who fails to bring a matter of concern to the attention of senior management and/or the relevant agencies will be subject to disciplinary action.
- 19.2. In addition to behaviours outlined elsewhere in this Code and, the types of abuse and neglect set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education DfE, the following is a non-exhaustive list of some further behaviours which would be a cause for concern:

An adult who:

- Allows a student/young person to be treated badly; pretends not to know it is happening
- Gossips/shares information inappropriately
- Demonstrates inappropriate discriminatory behaviour and/or uses inappropriate language
- Dresses in a way which is inappropriate for the job role
- Does not treat students fairly - demonstrates favouritism
- Demonstrates a lack of understanding about personal and professional boundaries
- Uses his/her position of trust to intimidate, threaten, coerce or undermine
- Appears to have an inappropriate social relationship with a student or students
- Appears to have special or different relationships with a student or students
- Seems to seek out unnecessary opportunities to be alone with a student

20. SCHOOL POLICIES, PROCEDURES AND OPERATING GUIDELINES

- 20.1. In addition to this code of conduct the work of school employees is governed, in most areas, by established policies, procedures and operational guidelines which ensure:
- that the school meets its statutory obligations;
 - that service standards are maintained;
 - that staff operate within the approved authority; and
 - that proper monitoring and auditing processes can be applied.

21. SUMMARY CODE OF CONDUCT FOR ANYBODY WORKING WITH STUDENTS AT BEATRICE TATE SCHOOL

THE NEED FOR CONSISTENCY:

All people working with the students must be fully aware of the school's Behaviour Support Policy and give an active commitment to its broad aims and requirements as well as to the practicalities of implementing individual behaviour support programmes. This is essential for a positive ethos that enables all students to be successful and active learners.

RESPECT ALL STUDENTS AS INDIVIDUALS, WITH INDIVIDUAL STRENGTHS AND NEEDS:

Always:

Give students the time and opportunity to respond to you.

When helping a student, always hold their hands or put your hand on their shoulder

Never:

Pull or push or

Help a student along by their wrist

BE AN ACTIVE COMMUNICATOR

Always:

Give a student eye contact

Sign or/and give a tactile cue AS WELL AS saying

Allow plenty of time for a response

Never:

Shout, unless it is an emergency, part of a drama or absolutely necessary

Conduct a personal conversation with another adult over the heads of the students

BE AWARE OF YOUR RESPONSIBILITY AS A ROLE MODEL

Always:

Knock on doors before you enter a room

Dress appropriately

Never:

Walk around while you are eating or drinking

Sit on tables or other work surfaces

ACTIVELY LOOK TO PROMOTE POSITIVE BEHAVIOUR

Always:

Encourage play and interaction between students

Get involved in lesson and break-time activities

RESPECT AND BE AWARE OF THE NEED FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

Always:

Choose a suitable place and time to discuss sensitive matters.

Deal with a child's personal needs discretely

Never:

Talk about students in front of them

Enter the toilets or changing rooms unless you are caring for a student

22. GENERAL GUIDANCE FOR ALL

Do

- Call everyone by their first name
- Treat everyone with respect and dignity
- Encourage students to make choices and express opinions
- Allow time to communicate with students
- Include all students and encourage social interaction
- Take care when escorting and assisting students
- Follow the manual handling guidelines
- Follow behaviour support programmes
- Ensure that all wheelchair straps and harnesses are secure
- Wear comfortable, appropriate, clothing
- Ask questions!

Don't

- Talk about students without including them
- Lead students by their wrists or push or pull them
- Manually lift or position students
- Leave students unattended
- Be on your own with students
- Wear hanging/dangly jewellery
- Be late for start of day, lessons or breaks
- Use your mobile phone in school time in the student areas of the school

23. MONITORING AND REVIEW

- 23.1. The Headteacher is responsible for monitoring the implementation, use and effectiveness of this policy and will report on these matters annually or more frequently if necessary.
- 23.2. This policy will be reviewed by the Governing Body as necessary but no less than every 3 years.

24. APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 - Keeping Children Safe in Education

Keeping Children Safe in Education <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2>

APPENDIX 2 - Anti-slavery and human trafficking policy

Policy statement

This policy applies to all persons working for us or on our behalf in any capacity, including employees at all levels, governors, officers, agency workers, seconded workers, volunteers, agents, contractors and suppliers.

Beatrice Tate School strictly prohibits the use of modern slavery and human trafficking in our operations and supply chain. We have and will continue to be committed to implementing systems and controls aimed at ensuring that modern slavery is not taking place anywhere within our organisation or in any of our supply chains. We expect that our suppliers will hold their own suppliers to the same high standards.

Modern Slavery and Human Trafficking

Modern slavery is a term used to encompass slavery, servitude, forced and compulsory labour, bonded and child labour and human trafficking. Human trafficking is where a person arranges or facilitates the travel of another person with a view to that person being exploited. Modern slavery is a crime and a violation of fundamental human rights.

Commitments

We expect everyone working with us or on our behalf to support and uphold the following measures to safeguard against modern slavery:

- We have a zero-tolerance approach to modern slavery in our organisation and our supply chains.
- The prevention, detection and reporting of modern slavery in any part of our organisation or supply chain is the responsibility of all those working for us or on our behalf. Workers must not engage in, facilitate or fail to report any activity that might lead to, or suggest, a breach of this policy.
- We are committed to engaging with our stakeholders and suppliers to address the risk of modern slavery in our operations and supply chain.
- We take a risk based approach to our contracting processes and keep them under review. We assess whether the circumstances warrant the inclusion of specific prohibitions against the use of modern slavery and trafficked labour in our contracts with third parties. Using our risk based approach we will also assess the merits of writing to suppliers requiring them to comply with our Code of Conduct, which sets out the minimum standards required to combat modern slavery and trafficking.

- Consistent with our risk based approach we may require:
 - employment and recruitment agencies and other third parties supplying workers to our organisation to confirm their compliance with our Code of Conduct
 - Suppliers engaging workers through a third party to obtain that third parties' agreement to adhere to the Code
- As part of our ongoing risk assessment and due diligence processes we will consider whether circumstances warrant us carrying out audits of suppliers for their compliance with our Code of Conduct.
- If we find that other individuals or organisations working on our behalf have breached this policy we will ensure that we take appropriate action. This may range from considering the possibility of breaches being remediated and whether that might represent the best outcome for those individuals impacted by the breach to terminating such relationships.

25. Declaration

I confirm that I have read and understood the **Code of Conduct for Staff, Governors and Volunteers** and agree to comply with the school's Code of Conduct as set out in this document and in the most recent **Keeping Children Safe in Education**, copies of which have been made available to me.

Signed:

Print name:

Role:

Date: